

# **Incremental Rotary Encoder**

Shaft model





Max. speed: 12 000 rpm

● Shaft: Ø 6/10 mm

Output: RS422 or push-pull

• 12-pole connector

Pulse count: 10-5000 pulses

Max. pulse frequency: 200 kHz

● Supply: 5/10-30 V<sub>DC</sub>

Max. temperature: +75°C

Protection type: IP 65





#### Description

KOBOLD rotary encoders are used to measure length, position, rotational speed and angle. They convert mechanical motion to electrical signals. Incremental rotary encoders output a frequency signal which can represent speed, length or position.

A rotatable disc, on which a grating is attached, is mounted between an LED and a receiver. The light emitted from the LED is modulated by the grating and hits the receiver, which outputs a sinusoidal signal that is proportional to the light received. The sinusoidal signal is processed by specially designed electronics. Standard control systems - including all KOBOLD counters - require digital, square-wave signals at the input. Thus the signal is conditioned in the rotary encoder and is outputed through different output circuits depending on the field of application.

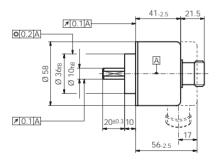
#### Areas of application:

- Mounting technology
- Feeders and handling machines for electrical components
- Test equipment
- Medical engineering, for example stirring machines
- Inserting plant/letter opening machines
- Inspection platforms
- Labelling machines

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Pipe inspection machines (camera control)

## Dimensions (clamping flange):





#### **Technical Details:**

Max. speed: 12 000 rpm

Moment of inertia of rotor: approximately 1.8 x 10<sup>-6</sup> kgm<sup>2</sup>

Initial torque: < 0.01 Nm Radial shaft loadability: 80 N Axial shaft loadability: 40 N

Shaft: Ø 10 x 20 mm (clamping flange)

or Ø 6 x 10 mm (synchro flange)

stainless steel

Flange connection: clamping flange Ø 36 mm

or synchro flange Ø 58 mm

Impact resistance: 1000 m/s², 6 ms Vibration resistance: 100 m/s², 10-2000 Hz

Operating

temperature range: -20 to +70 °C

Working

temperature range: -20 to +75 °C

Output circuit: push-pull without inversion

or RS422 with inversion (TTL-compatible) short-circuit-proof

Electrical connection: 12-pin plug connector

axial or radial

Pulse output: 10-5000 pulses

Max. pulse frequency: 300 kHz

Supply:  $10-30 V_{DC}$  (push-pull)

 $5 V_{DC} \pm 5\%$  (RS422)

Current consumption: max. 125 mA (push-pull)

max. 90 mA (RS422)

Permissible load/channel:  $max. \pm 30 \text{ mA (push-pull)}$ 

max. ±20 mA (RS422)

Signal level high:  $\min$  U<sub>B</sub> -3 V (push-pull)

min. 2.5 V (RS422) max. 2.0 V (push-pull)

Signal level low: max. 2.0 V (push-pull) max. 0.5 V (RS 422)

max. 1 µs (push-pull)

max. 200 ns (RS422)

Pulses per revolution: 200, 500, 1000, 1024, 2500,

3600, 5000

Protection type: IP 65

Rise time/fall time:

Weight: approximately 0.4 kg

## Order details (Example: ZDI-BW 14 G 3 0200)

Model	Description	Flange/shaft	Output circuit	Electrical connection	Pulse count (always use 4 digits)
ZDI-BW	Incremental rotary encoder - shaft model	14= clamping flange Ø 10 mm 22= synchro flange Ø 6 mm	G = push-pull without inversion R = RS422 with inversion	3= 12-pole plug connector, radial 4= 12-pole plug connector, axial	0200, 0500, 1000, 1024, 2500, 3600, 5000
ZDZ-G2	12-pole mating connector				