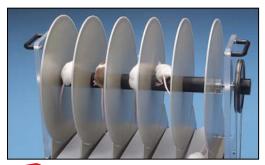
Metabolic Monitoring System, see pages G4 and G5



Food and Liquid Consumption System, see pages G6 and G7



Grip Strength Meter, see page G10



Rota-Rod Treadmill for Mice, see page G13

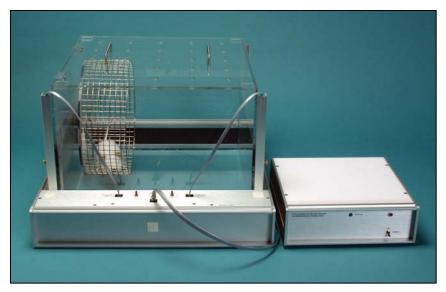


Dynamic Plantar Anesthesiometer, see page G19

Behavioral Research

| Animal Activity Monitoring Systemsee pages G2 - G3 |
|--|
| Metabolic Monitoring Systemsee pages G4 - G5 |
| Food and Liquid Consumption Systemsee pages G6 - G7 |
| Rodent Activity Wheel and Cagesee page G8 |
| HSE-HA Rodent Shocker see page GS |
| Grip-Strength Meter for Rats or Micesee page G10 |
| Multifunction Printerssee page G12 |
| Constant Speed Treadmill for Ratssee page G12 |
| Constant Speed/Accelerating Speed Treadmill for Micesee page G13 |
| Accelerating/Constant Rate Rota Rodsee page G14 |
| Treadmill for Mice and Ratssee page G15 |
| Plantar Test (Hargreaves' Method)see pages G16 - G17 |
| Heat-Flux Infrared Radiometersee page G18 |
| Dynamic Plantar Anesthesiometer (von frey)see page G19 |
| Harvard Ltd. Tail Flick Analgesia Metersee page G20 |
| Harvard Ltd. Hot Plate Analgesia Metersee page G20 |

Animal Activity Monitoring System



- Versatile
- Study open field, reaching behavior, place preference, temperature sensation, metabolic studies and more!
- Stores and replays activity data for up to 32 animals
- Windows-based system
- Staggered start time data collection on each animal begins as soon it is placed in the monitor
- Beam block checks pre- and postcheck all beams to ensure complete data collection, alarm sounds when beam is blocked

This Monitoring System measures animal activity via a grid of invisible infrared light beams. A number of equally spaced beams traverse the animal cage from front to back and an equal number of beams traverse the same cage from left to right. The body of the animal placed within the monitor will cause some of these beams to be broken, thus revealing its position in the (X-Y) plane. A set of primary vertical (Z) activity sensors can be incorporated into the System to monitor rearing or jumping activity. Additionally, a secondary set of vertical sensors can be positioned for holepoke/nosepoke behavior.

The System's Analyser collects the beam status information from the activity monitor and subjects it to rapid analysis. Each time it receives the beam status, it is able to determine the position of the animal. It determines the animal position 100 times per second, which is equivalent to having a high-speed motion camera. This speed is crucial for studying stereotypic activity, which can have a frequency of 7 to 10 repetitions per second. It is also vital to the study of hyperactivity where the animal can traverse the entire cage in fractions of a second.

This System is also designed to fully account for tail flicks and does not permit it to become a part of ambulatory activity. The Analyser can effectively develop a dynamic picture of the animal activity. This dynamic picture reveals whether the animal is resting, ambulating, rearing or performing stereotypic activity. Stereotypy is defined as any activity that is small in size and repetitive in nature - e.g. grooming, scratching, head bobbing, etc. Please note that the system cannot differentiate between these various forms of stereotypy. Special processing determines if the animal is moving in circles anywhere in the cage.

The Heart of this System is the Software. The versatile software tools meet even the most demanding research criteria. It is a true windows 32-bit application (Windows 95/98/2000). This System is the only Windows based system with powerful tools for storing and reproducing/replaying activity data for up to 32 animals which can be repeatedly analyzed for all variables.

Each Software package is comprised of the basic program which is a complete data analysis setup for tracking animals. A zone layout util-

ity allows you to create and edit zones, choose, manipulate and copy parameters from one zone to another. The plotting software can process an average plot of travel, display it to screen and generate a paper plot for each experiment. The playback tool allows an experiment to be replayed frame by frame. Frames before and after a specific point can be examined in higher detail using this software utility. The graphing function allows the user to graph real-time data as it is being collected. Data charts can be displayed for 16 animals at a time.

Hardware Options

- 1. Vertical Sensors
- 2. Partition for large/small animal modes
- 3. Hole Poke or Nose Poke using primary vertical sensors
- Hole Poke or Nose Poke using primary and secondary vertical sensors
- 5. Enclosure for Place Preference (light/dark)
- 6. Activity Wheel for mice or rats
- 7. Sound Attenuating Chambers
- 8. Temperature Monitoring
- Integrated Systems Metabolic Monitoring and Food and Liquid Consumption Systems for metabolic and food/liquid consumption monitoring
- 10. Special animal cage with removable catch tray, stainless steel grid floor, lid with ventilation holes and handles.

A standard system includes a Monitor with horizontal X-Y sensors and optional Z sensor, Analyser, Windows based software and animal test chambers - a computer rounds out the set up. The system is flexible and options can be added as needed.

Animal Activity Monitoring System

System Requirements - USB Technology

Pentium IV 1.7 Hz or Faster
 • One or more USB Ports
 • WIN-2000, XP
 • Keyboard/Mouse Ports

• 128 MB RAM • Video Accelerator Card –16 MB Ram

40 GB Hard DriveCD-Rom DriveDirect X V5.XX or Higher

Floppy Drive
 Physical Characteristics Activity Monitor

Resolution:

Specifications

No. of Beams (in X axis) (left-right) 16 No. of Beams (in Y axis) (front-back) 16 No. of Beams (in Z axis) vertical 16

 Beam Spacing
 2.5 cm (1.0 in)

 Beam Diameter
 4 mm (0.16 in)

 Scan rate (each beam)
 100 times/sec

Dimensions:

 Without Vertical Sensors, H x W x D
 9 x 49 x 53 cm (3.5 x 19.3 x 20.9 in)

 With Vertical Sensors, H x W x D
 31 x 49 x 53 cm (12.2 x 19.3 x 20.9 in)

Cage Size, L x W x H 42 x 42 x 30 cm (16.5 x 16.5 x 11.8 in)
Analyzer, L x W x H 26.5 x 25 x 7.5 cm (10.5 x 10 x 3 in)

 Power
 115/220 VAC

 Weight
 5 kg (10 lbs)

Catalog No. \$ Product

BS4 72-7183 Monitor for the Animal Activity Monitoring System,

X, Y Horizontal Axis

BS4 72-7184 Primary Vertical Sensor for Rearing Activity
BS4 72-7185 Analyzer for Animal Activity Monitoring System,

Includes USB and Power Cord

BS4 72-7186 Software for Animal Activity Monitoring System,

Win-2000/Xp Based with Zone Mapping, Playback

and X-Y Coordinate

BS4 72-7187 Acrylic Animal Cage, Includes Acrylic Assembly Kit

BS4 72-7188 Acrylic Animal Cage with Dividing Partition,

Includes Acrylic Assembly Kit

BS4 72-7189 Dividing Partition for Animal Cage, Includes Acrylic

Assembly Kit

Activity Monitor Options

BS4 72-7190 Multi Animal Monitoring Option for studying two

small animals simultaneously on one monitor

BS4 72-7191 Black (Dark) Enclosure for Light/Dark Studies
BS4 72-7192 White (Opaque) Enclosure for Light/Dark Studies

BS4 72-7193 Activity Wheel with Cage Insert

Hardware Options

BS4 72-7194 Sound Attenuating Chamber

BS4 72-7195 Sound Attenuating Chamber Controller

Replacement Parts

BS4 72-7196 Power Cord

BS4 72-7197 Interconnecting Cable (Monitor to Analyzer)

BS4 72-7198 USB Communication Cable

Catalog No. \$ Product

Hole Poke/Activity Combination System

BS4 72-7199 Hole/Poke Monitor*, For Use with the Animal Activity

Monitoring System

BS4 72-7200 Analyzer Upgrade for Existing Animal Activity

Monitoring System for Hole Poke Activity Studies

BS4 72-7201 Existing Software Upgrade for Hole Poke Activity

Studies

Replacement Hole Poke Boards

BS4 72-7202 Non-Baited Hole Poke Board, Rat, 16 Holes, 2.22

cm (7/8 in) Diameter

BS4 72-7203 Non-Baited Hole Poke Board, Mouse, 16 Holes,

1.59 cm (5/8 in) Diameter

BS4 72-7205 Baited Hole Poke Board, Rat, 16 Holes, 2.22 cm

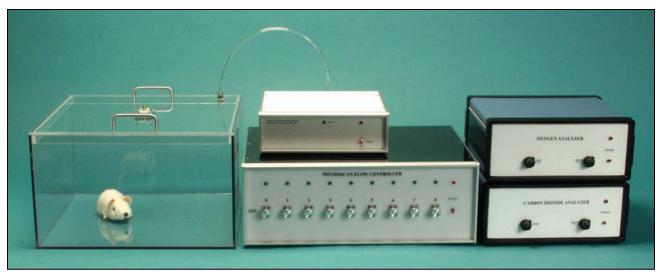
(7/8 in) Diameter

BS4 72-7204 Baited Hole Poke Board, Mouse, 16 Holes, 1.59 cm

(5/8 in) Diameter

* Note: Items BS4 72-7183 and BS4 72-7184 are required when studying Hole/Nose Poke and Locomotor Activity. Hole Poke Monitor Includes the Sensor Panel, Masking Panel, Baited or Non-Baited Hole Board, Distribution Hub, all Cables and Accessories. User should specify type of board.

Metabolic Monitoring System



- Oxygen consumption, VO₂
- Carbon dioxide production, VCO₂
- Respiratory exchange ratio, CO₂/VO₂
- Calorimetry
- Positive/Negative pressure systems available
- Respiration rate
- Windows based software

This Metabolic Monitoring System is ideal for measurement of oxygen consumption and carbon dioxide production in lab animals. It uses open circuit calorimetry technique. It is very flexible, the size of the animal is immaterial. The data can be analyzed by the statistical packages. The system comes with windows based software.

Up to eight animal cages can be monitored simultaneously. An animal is placed in the cage and the lid is lightly shut to provide a partial seal. Ambient air is pumped through the cage. The amount of air entering the cage is precisely measured by a mass flow meter (STP 0°C and 760 mmHg), and is traceable to the National Bureau of Standards. Most of the exhaust air goes to the atmosphere. A small sample of the exhaust is monitored for $\rm O_2$ and $\rm CO_2$ content by zirconia and infrared sensors. Both sensors are very accurate and maintenance free. Unlike electrochemical cells, zirconia cells provide higher accuracy and do not have to be replaced.

The system described above generates small positive pressures within the animal cages and is generally known as a positive pressure system. For some experiments, a negative pressure system is more appropriate. Both systems are offered.

 $\rm O_2$ consumption and $\rm CO_2$ production are calculated on the basis of known gas fractions both at the input and the exhaust ports of the cage and with the amount of air flowing through the cage.

Parameters Measured

The following parameters are measured in the standard model: Oxygen consumption (mL/kg/hr), carbon dioxide production (mL/kg/hr), respiratory exchange ratio (CO₂/VO₂) and heat Kcal/hr).

Options

This Metabolic Monitor System can be used simultaneously with the Animal Activity Monitoring System, see pages G2 - G3, for ambulatory activity and a Treadmill for exercise. The modular construction of the products allows for monitoring one to four animals in the standard model. On special requests the systems can be expanded to eight animals.

The combination of the Metabolic Monitor and Activity Monitoring System permits measurement of metabolic rate and animal locomotor activity simultaneously, thus allowing correlation between activity and metabolic rate. The Activity Monitoring Systems measures both horizontal and vertical activity.

The combination of this Metabolic Monitor and the Animal Treadmill, see page G15, is useful for measuring Work (W) and fatigue points in conjunction with metabolic rate. The Treadmill is an animal exerciser with a shocker. Both the speed and the angle of inclination of the exerciser are user adjustable

This Metabolic Monitoring System can also be integrated with the Food and Liquid Consumption Monitor, see pages G6 - G7, to measure the correlation between food and liquid intake and metabolic rate.

Each Metabolic Monitoring System includes a metabolic monitoring system analyzer, O₂ analyzer, CO₂ analyzer, custom designed air tight animal test chamber and Win-2000/XP Based Software.

Metabolic Monitoring System

Specifications

Parameters Measured The following parameters are measured in the standard model: Oxygen consumption (mL/kg/hr), carbon dioxide production

(mL/kg/hr), respiratory exchange ratio (CO₂/VO₂) and heat

Νοαί

Oxygen Sensor:

Sample Flow Rate 200 ml/Min Type Zirconia

Range 18% to 22% O_2 standard (0% to 100% O_2 available by special order)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Resolution} & 0.001\% \ \textbf{O}_2 \\ \textbf{Accuracy} & \pm 0.005\% \ \textbf{O}_2 \\ \textbf{Repeatability} & \pm 0.002\% \ \textbf{O}_2 \\ \end{array}$

Drift 0.005% O₂ over 24 hours

Response Time 0.3 seconds

Temperature

Coefficient Negligible Pressure Coefficient Negligible

Humidity 0% to 90% Relative humidity non condensing

Carbon Dioxide Sensor:

Sample Flow Rate 200 ml/min

Type Non-dispersive infrared NDIR

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Range} & 0\% \ \mbox{to} \ 2\% \ \mbox{CO}_2 \\ \mbox{Resolution} & 0.001\% \ \mbox{CO}_2 \\ \mbox{Accuracy} & \pm 0.025\% \ \mbox{CO}_2 \\ \mbox{Repeatability} & \pm 0.01\% \ \mbox{CO}_2 \\ \end{array}$

Drift Auto zero before each sample eliminates zero drift

Response Time 2.5 sec

Temperature Coefficient

t 005%/degree C

Mass Flow Meter:

Thermal Range 0 to 5 SLPM/0 to 20 SLPM

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Resolution} & 0.001 \ SLPM \\ \textbf{Accuracy} & \pm 0.02 \ SLPM \\ \textbf{Response Time} & 0.25 \ seconds \\ \end{tabular}$

Temperature

and Pressure Effects are eliminated by sensor design and computer

compensation

Humidity 0% to 90% relative humidity non-condensing

Flow Pumps Vacuum Capacity 5 SLPM/20 SLPM

Dimensions, L x W x H

 Statistical Analyzer
 25.4 x 27.31 x 10.16 cm (10 x 10.75 x 4 in)

 O2 Analyzer
 26.67 x 30.48 x 13.97 cm (10.5 x 12 x 5.5 in)

 CO2 Analyzer
 26.67 x 30.48 x 13.97 cm (10.5 x 12 x 5.5 in)

 Flow Controller
 36.83 x 49.53 x 17.78 cm (14.5 x 19.5 x 7 in)

 Cages
 Custom designed

 Weight (all analyzers)
 5.44 kg (12 lbs)

 Weight (flow controller)
 17.69 kg (39 lbs)

 Weight (cages)
 2.72 kg (6 lbs)

 Weight (Drierite columns)
 1.13 kg (2.5 lbs)

System Requirements PC compatible computer MS-WINDOWS® 98 Second Edition,

WIN-2000 (does not run on Windows®-NT) Pentium IV 700 MHz,10 GB Hard Drive, 64 MB RAM, 3.5 Inch Floppy Drive; CD-ROM Drive, CD Read/Write Drive; USB port; PS2 style KEYBOARD and MOUSE ports, Direct X version 5.0 or higher;

Video accelerator card with 16 MB RAM

| Catalog No. \$ | Product |
|----------------|--|
| BS4 72-7206 | 1 Channel Metabolic Monitoring System, Includes 2 Channel Flow Controller and 2 Drierite Columns |
| BS4 72-7207 | 2 Channel Metabolic Monitoring System, Includes 3 Channel Flow Controller and 3 Drierite Columns |
| BS4 72-7208 | 4 Channel Metabolic Monitoring System, Includes 5 Channel Flow Controller and 5 Drierite Columns |
| BS4 72-7209 | 6 Channel Metabolic Monitoring System, Includes 7 Channel Flow Controller and 7 Drierite Columns |
| BS4 72-7210 | 8 Channel Metabolic Monitoring System, Includes 9 Channel Flow Controller and 9 Drierite Columns |
| BS4 72-7211 | Replacement Drierite Column, pkg. of 1 |

Food and Liquid Consumption System



This Food and Liquid Consumption System is designed to provide nutrition researchers with the ability to precisely monitor food and liquid consumption of laboratory animals over time. In contrast to other systems, this system monitors consumption directly by weighing the reservoir continuously.

This system consists of an Analyzer to which 64 stations (weight scales) can be attached. The weight information of each station is organized into food and liquid consumption. Each food or liquid reservoir is placed on a sensitive balance and introduced to the animal via specially designed cages. The cages are designed to permit animals ready access to reservoir while preventing spillage or other loss.

Tunnel adapters permit use by animals of differing weights and sizes from entering the animal test chamber or defecating/ urinating into the food reservoir.

This system can be used in many modes. All stations can be used for food or liquid monitoring or half for food and half for liquid. When used solely for food monitoring a water bottle mount is provided. Lock Workstation Feature — When the workstation is locked, the experiment will continue to run to completion without intervention. This is to prevent changes being made either deliberately or accidentally. The program will remain locked even after the experiment has terminated. To unlock the computer, reenter the password.

This Food and Liquid Consumption System can be integrated with the Animal Activity System and the Metabolic Monitoring System, see pages G2 - G3 and G4 - G5.

- Mice or Rats
- Precise measurement of food and liquid consumption
- System expandable up to 64 weight stations
- Win-2000 based software
- Specially-designed cages (virtually eliminates spillage)
- Diagnostics Mode collects prescribed number of samples
- Lock Workstation
- Animal is easily inserted and removed from animal test chamber, since nothing is attached to the lid. Test chambers are designed so that an animal can live in them for long periods of time
- Bar floor and catch tray is easily removed for cleaning
- Due to the long-term stability of the weight stations (scales), calibration of stations may be done once a year
- Stations can even be calibrated for variations in gravity at different locations
- Automatic signaling of unstable station readings

"DMS" Data File Variables

- Cage specific to scale
- Experiment reference experiment data
- Sample grouped by time into sequential bins numbered in order
- Durationmn experiment data grouped in sequential bins
- Consumedg amount in grams of food or drink consumed by subject
- Addedg amount in grams of food or drink added to scale by the user
- · SPC scales per cage
- Username name of user obtained from system logon
- Filename name of data file specified by user at collect time
- Expdurhr experiment duration (hours)
- Expdurmn experiment duration (minutes)
- Subjectid subject identification
- Comment user specified comment
- Collect version used to generate original data file
- Start_time experiment start time
- Start_date experiment date
- Diet Software WIN 2000 compatible application can handle up to 64 weight measuring scales (food or liquid)

Minimum PC System Requirements

- Microsoft® Win-2000 or XP
 GeForce 16 MB Ram Video Card
- Pentium/AMD 800MHz
- · Keyboard/Mouse
- 40 GB Hard Drive
- Color Monitor
- (2 GB for storing data)

 CD-Read/Write Drive
- USB ports

Food and Liquid Consumption System

| Specifications | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Animal | Capacity | Resolution | |
| Rats (standard) | 300 g | 0.1 | |
| Mice | 200 g | 0.01 | |
| Construction (Analyzer) | High quality acry | lic, stainless steel grid floor | |
| Construction (Scale) | Anodized aluminum | | |
| Power | 115/120 V, 60 Hz | | |
| Dimensions, W x L x H: | | | |
| Analyzer | 35.56 x 27.94 x 8.89 cm (14 x 11 x 3.5 in) | | |
| Animal Test Chamber | 22.86 x 33.02 x 24.13 cm (9 x 13 x 9.5 in) | | |
| Mouse Tunnel | 3.81 x 5.72 x 3.05 cm (1.5 x 2.25 x 1.2 in) | | |
| Rat Tunnel | 6.35 x 11.23 x 6.35 cm (2.5 x 4.42 x 2.5 in) | | |
| Rat Blocking Doors | 11.43 x 11.23 x 0.53 cm (4.5 x 4.42 x .21 in) | | |
| Rat Tunnel Adapters | 6.35x 5.21 x 0.53 cm (2.5 x 2.05 x .21 in) | | |
| Mouse Tunnel Adapters | 2.54 x 3.61 x 0.28 cm (1 x 1.42 x .11 in) | | |
| Mouse Tunnel Steps | 2.54 x 3.81 x 0.53 cm (1 x 1.5 x .21 in) | | |
| Weight (Cage/Tunnel/Scale) | 5.44 kg (12 lbs) | | |
| Weight (Analyzer) | 3.63 kg (8 lbs) | | |

| Catalog No. | Φ | FIOUUCL |
|-------------|---|---|
| BS4 72-7226 | | Diet Win-2000/Xp Based Software |
| BS4 72-7228 | | Standard Rat Cage (Polycarbonate), Includes Tunnel, Food Tray, Cage Lid, Tray and Bottle Entry |

Accessories and Replacement Parts

| BS4 72-7227 | Spring Loaded Sipper Tube |
|-------------|--|
| BS4 72-7237 | Food Tray |
| BS4 72-7238 | Cage Lid |
| BS4 72-7239 | Bedding Tray |
| BS4 72-7240 | Food Tunnel Adapter, Small White |
| BS4 72-7241 | Food Tunnel Adapter, Large White |
| BS4 72-7242 | Food Tunnel Adapter, Small White, Cannulated |
| BS4 72-7243 | Food Tunnel Adapter, Large White, Cannulated |
| BS4 72-7244 | Food Tunnel Adapter, Solid Black |

| Food and Liquid Consumption System | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------|--|
| Channels | Diet Analyzer | Weigh Station Rat | Mouse | |
| 4 \$ | - | BS4 72-7216 | BS4 72-7221 | |
| 8 \$ | BS4 72-7212 | BS4 72-7217 | BS4 72-7222 | |
| 16 \$ | BS4 72-7213 | BS4 72-7218 | BS4 72-7223 | |
| 32 \$ | BS4 72-7214 | BS4 72-7219 | BS4 72-7224 | |
| 64 \$ | BS4 72-7215 | BS4 72-7220 | BS4 72-7225 | |

| Custom Cage Designs, Weigh Station NOT included | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| Stations/cage | Rat | Mouse | | |
| 1 \$ | BS4 72-7230 | BS4 72-7229 | | |
| 2 | BS4 72-7232 | BS4 72-7231 | | |
| 3 \$ | BS4 72-7234 | BS4 72-7233 | | |
| 4 \$ | BS4 72-7236 | BS4 72-7235 | | |

Rodent Activity Wheel and Cage



- Easy measurement of rodent activity
- For rats and hamsters
- All stainless steel wheel construction
- Clear polycarbonate cage for visibility and strength

This Rodent Activity Wheel provides an easy, convenient method for measuring lab rodents' physical activity in response to chemical or environmental stimuli. It is especially useful for research involving circadian rhythms or pharmaceutical testing. The Rodent Activity Wheel and Cage

package comes complete with: stainless steel activity wheel, wheel hub and support, sheet and activity wire lids and polycarbonate cage with cut away bottom and stainless steel floor grid.

The Activity Wheel allows the animal to exercise voluntarily. It has long-lasting, low-friction Teflon TFE bushings for quiet, smooth action. The stainless steel hub and support rod provide strength and durability and the wide wheel allows small to large animals to exercise. A Magnetic Switch with LCD Counter is available as an accessory for recording animal activity on the Wheel, counted as wheel revolutions. The Magnetic Switch can be used with both the rat and mouse wheels.

The clear polycarbonate Cage has glass-like clarity and excellent impact strength. The cut-out bottom allows changing of bedding and removal of excreta without disturbing the animal. (Meets NIH floor space requirements for a single rodent). A solid stainless steel lid covers the opening at the edge of the Activity Wheel while a wire lid with exclusive lid locks fasten securely to the cage body. These lids prevent the animal from escaping. The wire lid incorporates a water bottle support with rubber stopper guard and a U-shaped food hopper for pellets.

Specifications

Dimensions:

Overall, H x W x D 36.4 x 26.8 x 50 cm (14.25 x 10.375 x 19.5 in)

Wheel, OD x W 34.5 x 9 cm (13.5 x 3.5 in)

Floor Area:

 Cage
 929 cm² (144 in²)

 Cage With Wheel
 516 cm² (80 in²)

Catalog No. \$ Product

For Rats

BS4 60-1943 Rat Activity Wheel and Cage

BS4 60-1944 Polycarbonate Waste Tray Collects excreta, H x W x D, 3.5 x 28 x 45 cm (1.375 x 11.125 x

17.5 in); requires use of BS4 60-1945 Support Stand, see below, pkg. of 1

BS4 60-1945 Support Stand for Cage and Waste Tray for Rat

Cage, Stainless steel, supports one Activity Cage with Wheel and Waste Tray; allows removal of Waste Tray without disturbing the Cage or animal

BS4 60-0506 Polycarbonate Water Bottle for Rat Cage, 500 ml

Glass clear and shatterproof. Extremely rugged. Permanent, molded-in graduations for easy measurement. Complete with chew-proof type 316 SS cap and sipper tube. Exclusive 1.8 mm sipper tube opening minimizes spontaneous dripping

BS4 60-1946 Magnetic Switch with LCD Counter The Magnetic Switch counts whole revolutions of the Activity

Wheel. Operates on an extended-life battery (included). A safety lock position on the reset button helps eliminate accidental resettings. Assembly required to connect unit to the Activity Wheel and Cage. Works with both Rat and Mouse Wheel.

For Mice

BS4 60-2429 Mouse Activity Wheel and Cage
BS4 60-2425 Polycarbonate Waste Tray for Mouse Cage
BS4 60-2423 Support Stand for Cage and Waste Tray for Mouse Cage
BS4 60-2424 Polycarbonate Water Bottle for Mouse Cage

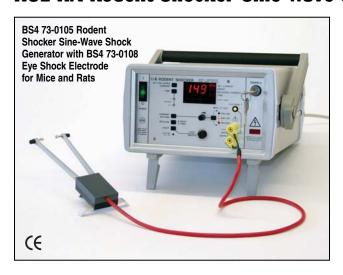
BS4 60-1946 Magnetic Switch with LCD Counter.

34 00-1940 Iviagnetic Switch with LOD Counte

see description above

Did you know Harvard Apparatus now owns Hugo Sachs Elektronik. The HSE isolated organ baths set the industry standard. They can be found in the Isolated Organ and Tissue Section K.

HSE-HA Rodent Shocker Sine-Wave Shock Generator



- For testing anticonvulsant drugs
- For mice and rats
- Two types of electrodes are available: for eyes or ears
- Foot Switch operation

Cerebral seizures, preferably in mice, are produced using constant sinusoidal alternating current to determine the effect of anticonvulsant drugs. For the reliable induction of seizures it is necessary to achieve satisfactory current flow. Eye electrodes and (especially in mice) ear electrodes are used for this purpose.

The ear electrodes offer the advantage that the course of the seizure can be observed more clearly, but have the disadvantage of a larger contact resistance. It is important that the electrodes are properly moistened! Normally the output circuit for constant current ensures the required stimulus response even for different impedances (a.c. resistances) of the animal on test. The stimulation voltage is increased inside the unit until the selected stimulation current is produced. After application the current actually used can be indicated. The stimulus duration can also be pre-set and the elapsed time is monitored on a bargraph (line of LEDs). The parameter evaluated is the percentage frequency of convulsions in a group of rodents at constant current.

The stimuli produced are not without danger to the operator; with an open output circuit (no animal connected to the unit) the stimulation voltage at stage 3 can reach its maximum of 750 Volt. In order to ensure operator safety the stimulus can only be triggered when two separate buttons 'RELEASE' (unblocking the inhibit circuit) and 'START' are operated in sequence. In addition the stimulus output is floating and has no connection to ground. The current can therefore flow only between the two electrodes! As a further safety measure the output is automatically switched off if it is not connected to an object or if the contact between electrode and tissue is interrupted during stimulation. To increase the stimulation current the CURRENT SET-TING button is pressed and the control to the right of it rotated to obtain the required stimulation current. This additional measure has been introduced in order to remind the user of the increasing danger. Rubber gloves must be worn when working with the unit. A foot switch is supplied for triggering the stimulus; when working with the eye electrode one hand is used to hold the animal while the other holds the flexible forceps-shaped eye electrode. The output sockets are pro-





tected against contact. Only HSE shock electrodes with the original HSE safety banana plugs may be used. There are two types of shock stimulation electrodes for applying electric shock to mice and rats for testing anticonvulsant drugs. These are eye and ear electrodes.

The eye electrodes are bipolar. They are made from a flexible plastic 'forceps'. Each forcep end has a stainless steel button covered by thin leather. The leather must be

moistened with saline solution prior to use. Only a low shock energy is required since the eye is a highly conductive point.

The ear electrodes consist of two well-insulated nickel-plated crocodile clips. The contact points are formed by two chlorided silver discs 6 mm diameter and 1 mm thick. This type of application requires a large shock energy since the contact resistance to the tissue is relatively high even when the skin is moistened. The advantage of this method is that the mice can be raised up by the electrodes so that the convulsions can be observed closely.

Specifications

Stimulation Frequency 50 Hz or 60 Hz according to supply frequency

Stimulus Duration 0.1 sec to 9.9 sec in steps of 0.1 sec, selected after pressing a

button, the selected time is indicated

Stimulus Energy Up to 75 W

Output Constant current, fully floating

Output Current 0 to 300 mA, 0 to 150 mA, 0 to 100 mA depending on maximum stimulation voltage selected the setting is made on

maximum stimulation voltage selected, the setting is made on a 10-turn potentiometer and the selected value is shown on

the digital display

Limitation of Maximum 250 V, 500 V, 750 V in 3 steps, selected by button

Stimulation Voltage

Digital Display The selected stimulation current is indicated continuously in mA, the actual current applied is shown during application and can

be called up later by pushing a button, the selected stimulation time is shown on pressing the TIME button, bargraph indicates

the course of the stimulation time.

Supply 110 V, 60 Hz or 220 V, 50 Hz

Dimensions, H x W x D 150 x 260 x 360 mm (5.91 x 10.2 x 14.2 in)

Weight 5 kg (11 lb)

Catalog No. \$ Product

BS4 73-0105 Rodent Shocker Sine-Wave Shock Generator

with Foot Switch, 115 VAC, 60 Hz

BS4 73-0106 Rodent Shocker Sine-Wave Shock Generator

with Foot Switch, 230 VAC, 50 Hz

BS4 73-0107 Ear Shock Electrodes for Mice and Rats, pair
BS4 73-0108 Eye Shock Electrode for Mice and Rats

IIII Grip-Strength Meter



For Mice or Rats

This system measures the force that is required to make a mouse or rat release its grip. It

is ideal to measure the effects of drugs, toxins, muscle relaxants, disease, ageing or neural damage on muscle strength.

The rat or mouse is placed over a Perspex plate, in front of a grasping trapeze. Rodents instinctively grab anything they can to try to stop this involuntary backward movement. The will continue to grip the trapeze until the pulling force overcomes their grip strength. After the animal loses its grip, the peak preamplifier automatically stores the peak pull force and shows it on a liquid crystal display.

The sensor mechanism is a T-shaped or trapeze-shaped bar whose height is adjustable. The bar is fitted to a force transducer connected to the Peak Amplifier. The Mouse unit is similar to the rat model except the grasping trapeze is proportionately sized for mice and the transducer sensitivity is adjusted to measure the grip strength of mice.

The data supplied by the peak amplifier is available in digital and analog form. The peak amplifier is provided with a connector for branching it to the Multifunction Printer.

A complete system is comprised of the follow components:

- A base plate of black sand-blasted Perspex, complete with upright and open-side boss-head
- 2. A grasping-bar (a grasping trapeze is also supplied)
- 3. A force transducer of adjustable height, provided with connection cable & connector to the peak amplifier
- 4. A peak amplifier

Peak Preamplifier

Both the Grip Strength Meter for Rats and the model for Mice are used with this Peak Amplifier. It automatically discriminates whether the grip force is generated by the rat and mouse transducer and expresses them in grams and in decimal of grams respectively.

The data supplied by the peak amplifier is available in digital and analog form. The waveform of the pull can be externally recorded, for example via a channel recorder or the signal may be taken to a data acquisition system. Data from this meter may be recorded directly using a 6-channel printer available as an accessory.

The Peak Amplifier is lodged into a resilient cabinet. The front and back panels are anodized aluminum and feature extremely durable engraved markings.

Grip-Strength Meter is supplied complete with the following components:

Peak Amplifier, incorporating a digital display, Force Transducer Suitable for Either Rats or Mice, Trapezes for Either Rats or Mice, Tshaped bar for Either Rats or Mice, Perspex Plate with 10 mm diameter upright, Open-Side Boss Head, Table Clamp, Mains Cable, Set of 2 fuses for either 115 V or 230 V operation, and Instruction Manual.

| Catalog No. | \$ | Model | Product |
|-----------------|-----|-------------|--|
| BS4 72-6713 | | 47105/115 V | Grip-Strength Meter for Rats, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6714 | | 47105/230 V | Grip-Strength Meter for Rats, 230 V |
| BS4 72-6715 | | 47106/115 V | Grip-Strength Meter for Mice, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6716 | | 47106/230 V | Grip-Strength Meter for Mice, 230 V |
| Accessories | | | |
| BS4 72-6686 | | 2600-S/115V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer for Grip Strength Only, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6687 | | 2600-S/230V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer for Grip Strength Only, 230 V |
| Replacement Par | rts | | |
| BS4 72-6717 | | 47105-002 | Force Transducer Assembly for Rat |
| BS4 72-6718 | | 47105-003 | Force Transducer Assembly for Mouse |
| BS4 72-6719 | | 47105-004 | Pespex Plate with 10 mm Diameter Upright |
| BS4 72-6720 | | 47105-321 | Trapeze for Rat |
| BS4 72-6721 | | 47105-324 | Trapeze for Mouse |
| BS4 72-6722 | | 47105-322 | T-Shaped Bar for Rat |
| BS4 72-6723 | | 47105-323 | Table Clamp |
| BS4 72-6724 | | E-WP008 | Mains Cable |
| BS4 72-6725 | | 4003 | Open-Side Boss Head |
| BS4 72-6726 | | 47105-302 | Instruction Manual |

Multi-Function Printers



- 6-Channel or 48-Channel Models Available
- Ideal for use with:
 - Constant Speed Rota-Rod Treadmills
 - Accelerating Speed Rota-Rod Treadmills
 - Plantar Test
- Dedicated Model for Grip Strength Recording
- Graphic Display
- Thermal Printer
- RS232 to PC

These multi-function printers are a micro-controlled device to acquire counting or timing data from up to 6 or 48 independent channels.

The data can be printed on thermal paper in real time. Data may also be exported to a PC via an RS232 connector. The export of data requires the Win-DAS software. Data is transferred via serial communication. The data can be directly routed to the PC in real time or downloaded later on. The computer must be an IBM (or compatible) PC, provided

with Windows® 95 or 3.1 operating system. The data collected by the Win-DAS program from each instrument are automatically stored into individual files, ready to be managed by most statistical analysis packages available (Lotus, Excel, etc.).

These Printers have internal memory, where the data can be stored to be unloaded at a later time. This makes it truly flexible multipurpose data acquisition system.

Instrument Function

These printers have a graphic display which presents all available commands. The operator chooses by simply acting on the 4-button keyboard located below the display.

The data string for any activated channel, in order from left to right, shows: the input channel number among the six available, the datum proper in 5 digits (3 integers and 2 decimals for timing mode and 5 integers for counting mode) and the elapsed time expressed in minutes (2 digits) from the start of the trial in progress. The data string may also contain some experiment information (animal number, gender, etc.).

Each channel can acquire data from instruments which supply counting or timing TTL signals such as Plantar Test, Rota-Rod Treadmills, etc. A 48-channel is also available. Each printer is supplied complete with a roll of Heat Sensitive Paper and a 9-Pin Cable to connect the printer to a PC computer.

Specifications

Power 115 or 230 V, 50/60 Hz, 30 VA maximum

Dimensions, H x W x D:

6-Channel 12 x 26 x 13 cm (4.7 x 10.2 x 5.1 in) **48-Channel** 12 x 26 x 13 cm (4.7 x 10.2 x 5.1 in)

Weight:

6-Channel 3.5 kg (7.7 lb) **48-Channel** 3.5 kg (7.7 lb)

Shipping Weight:

6-Channel 6.50 kg (14.3 lb) approx. **48-Channel** 6.50 kg (14.3 lb) approx.

| Catalog No. | \$ | Model | Product |
|-------------------|----|-------------|--|
| BS4 72-6682 | | 2600/115V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6683 | | 2600/230V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 230 V |
| BS4 72-6684 | | 2650/115V | 48-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6685 | | 2650/230V | 48-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 230 V |
| BS4 72-6686 | | 2600-S/115V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer for Grip Strength Only , 115 V |
| BS4 72-6687 | | 2600-S/230V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer for Grip Strength Only , 230 V |
| Accessories | | | |
| BS4 72-6671 | | 2010 | Win-DAS Software Package for Windows® 95 or 3.1 |
| BS4 72-6688 | | 2610 | Individual Flat Connection Cable (for 7600/7650, 7700/7750) |
| BS4 72-6689 | | 2615 | Individual Multi-Plug Connection Cable with Adaptor (for 37215, 47105/47106, 7360, 7370, 7452, 7550, 7570) |
| Replacement Parts | 3 | | |
| BS4 72-6690 | | 2605 | Heat Sensitive Paper Roll for 6-Channel Printer |
| BS4 72-6691 | | 2606 | 9-Pin Cable for Connection between |

Printer and PC

Constant Speed 4 Lane Rota-Rod Treadmills for Rats



- Accurate repeatable speeds
- Run 4 rats or mice simultaneously
- Automatic recording of fall time via solid state clock

The Rota-Rod technique has great value in research involving screening of drugs that are potentially active on motor coordination. These Rota-Rods are the result of many years of research in cooperation with the latest development in behavioral and pharmacological research. They consist of four 7 cm diameter drums which are machined to provide grip for the animal. Five flanges divide the drums into four separate compartments, enabling four rats to be on the treadmill simultaneously.

Principle of Operation

The drum cylinders, whose angular speed can be varied by a simple belt gear, turn on ball bearings. They are driven by a heavy duty DC motor which sets the rotors in motion via the belt gear at the speed selected. The constant speed models operate at fixed angular speeds, selectable via pulley cones. An accelerating model for mice is also available.

Drive speed is practically unaffected by voltage variations, friction or wear. This ensures that screening runs can be repeated in constant operating conditions.

Four liquid crystal second counters, driven by a solid state clock synchronized to the mains frequency, trip at one second intervals. When a mouse or rat falls off its cylinder section on to the plate below, the plate trips and the corresponding counter is disconnected, thereby recording the animal's endurance time in seconds.

Conditioning the Animal

Some research workers think advisable to carry out some kind of "conditioning" before starting the motor coordination test. With the drums at minimum speed each rodent is placed in its section in order to familiarize it with the revolving drum. After two-three training runs of 1-2 minutes at intervals of 2-3 hours, the rodent should be ready for the test proper.

Data Acquisition and Recording

These Rota-Rod Treadmills are supplied with a connector (D15) for branching them to the 6-Channel Multifunction Printer, see page G11 This printer is a microprocessor controlled device designed to acquire data from 6 independent channels. Each Rota-Rod requires 4 channels for recording the data. The data is stored in the internal memory and is shown on its graphic display. The data may also be printed real time or may be exported to a PC computer. The data export to a PC requires the purchase of the Win-DAS Software Package, see accessories. This must be purchased as a separate product.

Each Treadmill is supplied complete with the following components: Dust Cover, Trip Plate, complete with Spring & Iron Keeper, Transmission Belt, Spare Fuses for either 115 V or 230 V and Instruction Manual.

Specifications

| Speed Settings | 8, 10, 12, 14 or 16 revolutions per minute |
|-------------------|--|
| Power Requirement | 115 V or 230 V, 50/60 Hz |

Dimensions 63 x 50 x 49 cm (24.8 x 19.7 x 19.3 in) **Weight** 10.50 kg (23.2 lb)

Shipping Weight 10.50 kg (23.2 lb) 18.50 kg (39.7 lb), approx.

| Catalog No. | \$ | Model | Product |
|-----------------|----|-----------|---|
| BS4 72-6666 | | 7700/115V | Constant Speed Rota-Rod for Rats, 115 V, complete |
| BS4 72-6667 | | 7700/230V | Constant Speed Rota-Rod for Rats, 230 V, complete |
| Accessories | | | |
| BS4 72-6682 | | 2600/115 | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6683 | | 2600/230 | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 230 V |
| BS4 72-6671 | | 2010 | Win-DAS Software Package |
| Replacement Par | ts | | |
| BS4 72-6672 | | 7701 | Rat Rota-Rod Treadmill Dust Cover |
| BS4 72-6673 | | 7703 | Rat Rota-Rod Treadmill Trip Plate, complete with spring & iron keeper |
| BS4 72-6674 | | 7706 | Rat Rota-Rod Treadmill Transmission Belt |

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Method Papers

- NW.Dunbam & T.S. Miya: "A Note on a Simple Apparatus for Detecting Neurological Deficit in Rats & Mice" J. Am. Pharmaceut. Assoc., Scientific Edit., XLVI: No. 3, 1957
- B.J. Jones & D.J. Roberts: "The Quantitative Measurement of Motor Inco-ordination in Naive Mice Using an Accelerating Rotarod" J. Pharm. Pharmac.: 20: 302-304, 1968

Papers Dealing With Rota-Rod Techniques

- R. Duane Sofia: "Comparison of Two Methods for Measuring Drug-Induced Neurotoxicity" J. Pharmaceut. Sc.: 58, No. 7: 900-901, 1969
- H. Kuribara et alia: "Effects of Central Depressants on Rota-Rod and Traction Performances in Mice" Japan J. Pbarmacol.: 27: 117-126, 1976
- M.S. Dar et alia: "Possible Role of Adenosine in the CNS Effects of Ethanol" Life Sciences: 33: 1363-1374, 1983
- M. S. Dar & W.R. Wooles: "Effect of Chronically Administered Methylxanthines on Ethanol-Induced Motor Inco-ordination in Mice" Life Sciences: 39: 1429-1437, 1986
- G.E. Leighton et alia: "Pharmacological Profile of PD 117302, a selective K-Opioid Agonist" Br.J. Pharmacol.: 92: 915-922, 1987

For complete details on the 6-Channel Multi-Function Printers, see page G11.

Accelerating 5 Lane Rota-Rod Treadmills for Mice



- 2 speed settings:
 - ConstantAccelerating
- Run 5 mice simultaneously
- Automatic recording of fall time via solid state clock

The micro processor controlled Rota Rod for mice features a front panel with a large, very readable back-light display. The panel can be oriented to select the most comfortable angle for the operator, to avoid glare, etc.

This Mouse Rota Rod has two operating modes:

<u>Constant Speed Mode</u> – where the angular speed (RPM) is preset by the operator, in the range between 4 and 50 rotations per minute.

<u>Accelerating Speed Mode</u> - where the operator presets both the duration and the steepness of the ramp, e.g., 4 minutes to pass from 4 to 40 RPM, 5 minutes to pass from 6 to 30 RPM, etc.

The display shows the actual angular speed (RMS at each instant) in real time. It also shows the endurance time of each animal and the speed at which the animal looses its grip and falls.

The data of each experiment can be stored or routed in real time to the PC.

This Rota-Rod operates under the same principle as the Constant Speed Rota-Rod Treadmill but with an added Acceleration feature. The "Rota-Rod" technique has been originated by a 1957 paper of N.W Dunham and T.S Miya and has proved to be of great value in research involving screening of drugs which are potentially active on motor coordination.

These Rota-Rods are the result of many years of research in cooperation with the latest development in behavioral and pharmacological research; they basically consist of five 3 cm diameter drums which are suitably machined to provide grip. Six flanges divide the drums, enabling five mice to be on the treadmill simultaneously.

By operating with animals running on an accelerating drum, screening results are less scattered. In other words, a single "session" acts as conditioning and training run. This model has been originated by a paper of B.J. Jones and D.J. Roberts "The Quantitative Measurement of Motor Inco-ordination in Naive Mice Using an Accelerating Rotarod."

The machine is provided with a motor drive which operates in ACCELERATION, LOCK or RESET mode. The acceleration phase is monitored by a bar-graph type of speed indicator, placed on the front panel.

Conditioning the Animal

Some research workers think advisable to carry out some kind of "conditioning" before starting the motor coordination test. With the drums at minimum speed each rodent is placed in its section in order to familiarize it with the revolving drum. After two-three training runs of 1-2 minutes at intervals of 2-3 hours, the rats should be ready for the test proper.

Data Acquisition and Recording

These Rota-Rod Treadmills are supplied with a connector (D15) for branching them to the 6-Channel Multifunction Printer, see page G11. This printer is a microprocessor controlled device designed to acquire data from 6 independent channels. Each Rota-Rod requires 4 channels exported to a PC computer. The data export to a PC requires the purchase of the Win-DAS Software Package, see accessories. This must be purchased as a separate product.

Each Treadmill is supplied complete with the following components: Dust Cover, Trip Plate, complete with Spring & Iron Keeper, Transmission Belt, Spare Fuses for either 115 V or 230 V and Instruction Manual.

Specifications

 Power Requirement
 115 V or 230 V, 50/60 Hz

 Dimensions, H x W x D
 45 x 37 x 25 cm

 Weight
 6.10 kg

 Shipping Weight
 13.00 kg (approx.)

| Catalog No. \$ | Model | Product |
|-------------------|------------|---|
| BS4 72-6680 | 47600/115V | Rota-Rod Treadmill for Mice, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6681 | 47600/230V | Rota-Rod Treadmill for Mice, 230 V |
| Accessories | | |
| BS4 72-6682 | 2600/115V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6683 | 2600/230V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 230 V |
| BS4 72-6671 | 2010 | Win-DAS Software Package |
| Replacement Parts | | |
| BS4 72-6672 | 7701 | Rat Rota-Rod Treadmill Dust Cover |
| BS4 72-6673 | 7703 | Rat Rota-Rod Treadmill Trip Plate, complete with Spring & Iron Keeper |
| BS4 72-6674 | 7706 | Rat Rota-Rod Treadmill Transmission Belt |
| BS4 72-6676 | 7601 | Mouse Rota-Rod Treadmill Plastic Cover |
| BS4 72-6677 | 7603 | Mouse Rota-Rod Treadmill Trip Plate, complete with spring & Iron Keeper |
| BS4 72-6678 | 7606 | Mouse Rota-Rod Treadmill Transmission Belt |
| BS4 72-6679 | 7616 | Mouse Rota-Rod Treadmill Instruction Manual |

Bibliographies - See facing page

Accelerating Single Lane Rota-Rod



- Study fatigue and coordination
- Operate up to 16 independent chambers with zero interaction
- Each channel is completely independent and is capable of:
 - Forward and reverse direction
 - Speeds up to 100 rpm
 - Automatic fall detection
- Software adjustable (duration and intensity) foot shock (0 to 2.5 mA)
- Enclosed design prevents escape
- Chambers are available with or without shock
- Removable tray for easy cleaning
- For mice or rats (with addition of rat adapter)

This Accelerating Rota-Rod apparatus is used to study the fatigue and coordination of up to 16 mice or rats. The system will automatically prompt the operator to load each animal by ID to a specific channel and then run the appropriate speed/shock profile on that animal. The operator must simply follow the color coded instructions on the video monitor to complete the testing for all animals in a minimum time. The researcher is relieved of the responsibility of keeping track of the animals, the experiment protocol for each animal and the recording of the performance of each animal.

The system can easily be converted from a mouse rod to a rat rod by using the rat adapter (70 mm rod). Each test chamber has its own motor drive. Shock is available to prevent interaction between animals. This system is capable of running identical protocols in all 16 channels; more than one researcher can use the system simultaneously.

System Requirements

- MS Windows® 2000 or Windows® XP
- Pentium III 733 MHz with USB ports
- 128MB RAM
- · 10GB Hard Drive
- CD-ROM Drive
- PS2 style keyboard and mouse ports
- Direct X Video Card (16MB)

Specifications

Test Chamber Dimensions, H x W x D 50.8 X 14.0 X 43.2 cm (20 x 5.5 x 17 in) **Test Chamber Weight** 6.8 kg (15 lbs) Height from Top of Rod to Shock Grid 34.9 cm (13.8 in) **Speed Selection** 0 to 100.0 RPM **Diameter of Mouse Rod** 30 mm (11.8 in) Diameter of Rat Rod 70 mm (27.6 in) Width, Each Chamber 10.9 cm (4.3 in) Shock Intensity 0 to 2.0 mA **Shock Duration** 0 to 60.0 sec

Catalog No. \$ Product

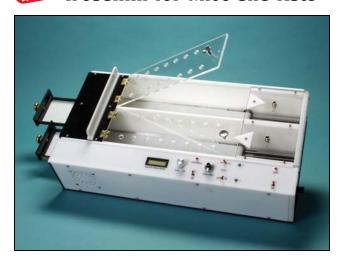
BS4 72-7035 Accelerating Rota-Rod Test Chamber for Mouse,

30 mm

BS4 72-7036Rota-Rod Windows SoftwareBS4 72-7037Rota-Rod Rat Adapter, 70 mmBS4 72-7038Rota-Rod Shock Option

BS4 72-7039 Rota-Rod Motor Belt Replacement

Treadmill for Mice and Rats



- Study exercise physiology in rats
- Compact, light weight, quiet unit for exercising
- Speed control and indication
- Air tight chambers for V0₂/VC0₂ studies
- Electrical shock stimulus
- Easy to clean with slide out trays

This Treadmill is an economical treadmill. It consists of endless conveyor type belts driven by a DC servo motor with optical encoder for precise speed control. The animals are separated from each other by opaque partitions.

The motor drive electronics permits the user to select any speed from 0 up to 100 meters per minute. The grade can be adjusted manually or optionally with a motorized grade adjuster.

A shock grid is built into each channel which can be used to train animals to run. In addition, the front of the treadmill is made of dark acrylic so that the animals can run towards the darkened section of the channel (runway). Thus, the animals are provided with both negative and positive stimuli resulting in a significantly reduced training period.

Another unique feature is the slide out trays that make it very easy to clean the unit.

A major advantage offered by this Treadmill is the special design of the belt and shock bars. This provides the animal with a tactile warning that it is approaching the shock bars. The animals thus learn to speed up without being shocked, thus reducing trauma.

The runways can be made air tight to permit the researcher to conduct gas exchange studies (VO₂/VCO₂) on each animal separately. The Metabolic Monitoring System can be combined with the treadmill for such studies.

The Treadmill is constructed to optimize exercise volume to provide fast response in gas exchange studies.

Specifications

Parameters of Study Exercise, training, V02, VC02, V02 max

Species Rats and mice, separate size treadmill for each species

Number of Chanels/Lanes Select from 2 4 or 6 lanes

Dimensions, H x W x D

Mouse Treadmill 2 Lanes

62.23 x 34.29 x 15.24 cm (24.5 x 13.5 x 6 in) Overall Exercise Area 50 80 x 6 35 x 10 16 cm (20 x 2 5 x 4 in) Shock Grid Area 16.51 x6.35 x 10.16 cm (6.5 x 2.5 x 4 in) Weight 14.51 Kg (32 lbs)

Mouse Treadmill 4 Lanes

Overall 62.23 x 42.55 x 15.24 cm (24.5 x 16.75 x 6 in) Exercise Area 50.80 x 6.35 x 10.16 cm (20 x 2.5 x 4 in) Shock Grid Area 16.51 x 6.35 x 10.16 cm (6.5 x 2.5 x 4 in) Weight 24.95 kg (55 lbs)

Mouse Treadmill 6 Lanes

Overall 62.23 x 50.80 x 15.24 cm (24.5 x 20 x 6 in) **Exercise Area** 33.02 x 6.35 x 10.16 cm (13 x 2.5 x 4 in) Shock Grid Area 12.70 x 7.62 x 10.16 cm (5 x 3 x 4 in)

Weight 68.04 kg (150 lbs)

Rat Treadmill 2 Lanes

Overall 62.23 x 38.10 x 15.24 cm (24.5 x 15 x 6 in) Exercise Area 43.18 x 11.43 x 10.16 cm (17 x 4.5 x 4 in) **Shock Grid Area** 16.51 x 11.43 x 10.16 cm (6.5 x 4.5 x 4 in) Weight 20.87 kg (46 lbs)

Rat Treadmill 4 Lanes

Overall 86.36 x 60.96 x 15.24 cm (34 x 24 x 6 in) **Exercise Area** 43.18 x 11.43 x 10.16 cm (17 x 4.5 x 4 in) **Shock Grid Area** 16.51 x 11.43 x 10.16 cm (6.5 x 4.5 x 4 in)

Weight 45.36 kg (100 lbs)

| Treadmill for Mice and Rats | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | No Grade Adjustment | | Motorized Grade Adjustment | | | |
| Channels | Non Air Tight Runway | Air Tight Runway | Non Air Tight Runway | Air Tight Runway | | |
| 2 Channel Mouse \$ | BS4 72-7040 | BS4 72-7052 | BS4 72-7046 | BS4 72-7058 | | |
| 2 Channel Rat \$ | BS4 72-7041 | BS4 72-7053 | BS4 72-7047 | BS4 72-7059 | | |
| 4 Channel Mouse \$ | BS4 72-7042 | BS4 72-7054 | BS4 72-7048 | BS4 72-7178 | | |
| 4 Channel Rat \$ | BS4 72-7043 | BS4 72-7055 | BS4 72-7049 | BS4 72-7179 | | |
| 6 Channel Mouse \$ | BS4 72-7044 | BS4 72-7056 | BS4 72-7050 | BS4 72-7180 | | |
| 6 Channel Rat \$ | BS4 72-7045 | BS4 72-7057 | BS4 72-7051 | BS4 72-7181 | | |

Catalog No. Product

BS4 72-7182 Replacement Motor Drive Belt Custom design to accommodate any size animals available by special order.

Plantar Test (Hargreaves' Method)



The Plantar Test (Hargreaves' Method) enables the researcher to discern a peripherally mediated response to thermal stimulation caused by drugs in the unrestrained rat.

The system consists of:

- · A movable infrared source
- · A glass pane onto which the rat enclosure is located
- A controller

A rat is placed into one of the three compartments. After an acclimation period, the infrared source is placed under the glass floor and is positioned by the operator directly beneath the hind paw. A trial is commenced by depressing a key which turns on the infrared source and starts a digital solid state timer.

When the rat feels pain it will withdraw its paw. The withdrawal of the paw causes a sudden drop in the reflected radiation which switches off the infrared source and stops the reaction time counter. The withdrawal latency is calculated to the nearest 0.1 second. The 3-compartment enclosure has been provided to speed up the test when a number of animals are involved. In each compartment the animal is unrestrained.

The Heat-Flux Infrared Radiometer 37300 has been designed to calibrate infrared sources, in particular the Plantar Test.

- For measurement of hyperalgesia to thermal stimulation in unrestrained animals
- Automatic detection of the behavioral end point
- Validity unaffected by repeated testing
- Greater bioassay sensitivity than other thermal or mechanical tests
- Each animal can serve as its own control

Calibration Radiometer

Each plantar test is accurately calibrated via an infrared radiometer to make sure that its infrared source delivers the same power flux (expressed in mW per square cm) and hence a nociceptive stimulus of the same intensity.

The end user should consider the Heat-Flow Infrared Radiometer Model an extremely useful accessory. This Infrared Radiometer is a battery operated, self sufficient instrument complete with infrared probe, digital meter and adaptors for the Tail Flick and Plantar Test. All parts are neatly lodged in a sturdy plastic case with punched foam lining.

This Radiometer enables the experimenter to:

- i) Check (and adjust if necessary) the I.R. emission. In fact, the I.R. output of the Plantar Test may in the course of one-two years undergo to 2-3% reduction, due to dust gathered on the optics, blackening of the I.R. bulb, accidental knocks, ageing of components due to thermal cycles, etc. Moreover, in case the bulb is replaced or the electronics serviced, output alteration of more significant magnitude, say, 8-10%, may take place.
- Make sure that two or more Plantar-Test units deliver thermal nociceptive stimuli of exactly the same intensity. Balance them, if necessary.
- iii) Know the I.R. energy (1 mW for the duration of 1s corresponds to 1 mJ) in absolute terms, a useful datum to compare with any equal or different method/instrument described in the literature

Plantar Test (Hargreaves' Method)

Data Acquisition

The Plantar Test is provided with a connector (D15) for branching it to the 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer or the 48-Channel Multi-Function Printer, see page G11. Both Multi-Function Printers are microprocessor controlled devices, designed to acquire data from either 6 or 48 independent channels. Each Plantar Test requires 1 channel. The data is stored in the internal memory and is shown on its graphic display. The data may also be printed real time or may be exported to a PC computer. The data export to a PC requires the purchase of the Win-DAS Software Package, see accessories. This must be purchased as a separate product.

The data, stored in the 2600/2650 internal memory and shown on its graphic display, can be printed out in real time and/or routed to the PC; in the latter case, the 2010 Win-DAS Software Package is required.

The Plantar Test System includes:

Controller, Emitter/Detector Vessel, complete with cable, Platform with supporting columns, Framed Glass Pane, Three-Compartment Rat Enclosure, Spare Bulb, Mains Cable, Instruction Manual, 1.5 mm Allen Wrench, Dust Cover, and Set of Fuses for 230 V operation or 115 V operation.

| Specifications | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| Starting | Via keys on the I.R. Vessel. Additional key on the controller panel | | |
| Infrared Intensity | Adjustable in the interval 10 to 99 (in one digit steps) | | |
| Reaction Time | Three-digit LED display, 0.1 second steps | | |
| Infrared Bulb | Halogen "Bellaphot", Mod. 64607 OSRAM, 8 V - 50 W | | |
| Calibration | Via appropriate I.R. Radiometer | | |
| Connection to PC | Through DELTA 15-pin connector | | |
| Power Requirement | 115 V or 230 V, 50/60 Hz, 60 VA maximum | | |
| Operating Temperature | 15° to 30°C | | |
| Dimensions (assembled) | 85 x 40 x 35 cm (33.5 x 15.7 x 13.8 in) | | |
| Weight | 13.00 kg (28.7 lb) | | |
| Shipping Weight | 27.50 kg (60.6 lb) approx. | | |

| Catalog No. \$ | Model | Product |
|-------------------|------------|--|
| BS4 72-6692 | 7370/115V | Plantar Test, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6693 | 7370/230V | Plantar Test, 230 V |
| Accessories | | |
| BS4 72-6682 | 2600/115 V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6683 | 2600/230 V | 6-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 230 V |
| BS4 72-6684 | 2650/115 V | 48-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 115 V |
| BS4 72-6685 | 2650/230 V | 48-Channel Multi-Function Printer, 230 V |
| BS4 72-6671 | 2010 | Wind-DAS Software Package |
| BS4 72-6703 | 37300 | Heat-Flux Infrared Radiometer |
| Replacement Parts | | |
| BS4 72-6670 | 7371 | Controller |
| BS4 72-6694 | 7372 | Emitter/Detector Vessel, complete with cable |
| BS4 72-6695 | 7373 | Platform with supporting columns |
| BS4 72-6696 | 7375 | Framed Glass Pane |
| BS4 72-6697 | 7376 | Three-Compartment Rat Enclosure |
| BS4 72-6698 | 7365 | Spare Bulb |
| BS4 72-6699 | 7377 | Mains Cable |
| BS4 72-6701 | 7379 | 1.5 mm Allen Wrench |
| BS4 72-6702 | 7381 | Dust Cover for Controller |

Bibliography

Methods Paper:

 K.M. Hargreaves, R. Dubner, F. Brown, C. Flores and J. Joris: "A New and Sensitive Method for Measuring Thermal Nociception in Cutaneous Hyperalgesia." Pain 32: 77.88, 1088.

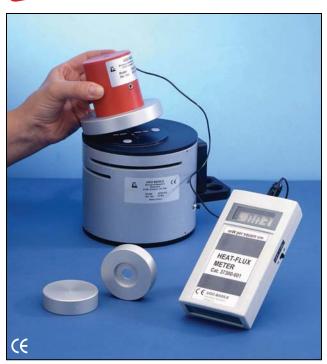
Additional Papers:

- K.M. Hargreaves, R. Dubner and J. Joris: "Peripberal Action of Opiates in the Blockade of Carrageenan-Induced Inflammation" Pain Research and Clinical Management Vol. 3. Elsevier Science Publisbers, Amsterdam: 55-60, 1988
- G. Benneth and Y.K. Xie: "A Peripheral Neuropathy in Rat that Produces Disorders of Pain Sensation Like Those Seen in Man" Pain 33: 87-107, 1988.
- M. Iadarola and G. Draisci: "Elevation of Spinal Cord Dynorphin mRNA Compared to Dorsal Root Ganglion Peptide mRNAs During Peripheral Inflammation" In: The Artbritic Rat as a Model of Clinical Pain? by J. Besson and G. Guilbaud (eds.) Elsevier Press, Amsterdam: 173-183, 1988.
- A Costello and K.M. Hargreaves: "Suppression of Carrageenan-Induced Hyperalgesia. Edema and Hyperthermia by a Bradykinin Antagonist" European J. Pharmacol., 1989.
- K.M. Hargreaves, R. Dubner and A. Costello: "Corticotropin Releasing Factor (CRF) bas a Peripheral Site of Action for Antinociception" European J. Pharmacol., 1989
- J. Hylden, R. Nabin, R. Traub and R. Dubner: "Expansion of Receptive Fields of Spinal Lamina I Protection Neurons in Rats with Unitateral Adjuvant-Induced Inflamma-tion: The Contribution of Central Dorsal Horn Mechanisms" Pain 37: 229-244, 1989.

For complete details on 6-Channel and 48-Channel Multi-Function Printers, see page G11.

For complete details on Heat-Flux Infrared Radiometer, see page G18.

ID Heat-Flux Infrared Radiometer



- Calibrates the Infrared emission of Plantar Test
- Digital display
- Takes only seconds to use

The Heat-Flux Infrared Radiometer has been designed to calibrate I.R. sources, in particular the classic Plantar Test, to make sure they deliver the same power flux and hence a nociceptive stimulus of the same intensity.

This Heat-Flux Infrared Radiometer is a battery operated, self sufficient instrument complete with infrared probe, digital meter and adaptors for the Plantar Test. The Infrared Radiometer enables the experimenter to:

- i) Check (and adjust if necessary) the infrared emission. In fact, the infrared output of the Plantar Test may in the course of one to two years undergo to 2-3% reduction, due to dust gathered on the optics, blackening of the infrared bulb, accidental knocks, ageing of components due to thermal cycles, etc. Moreover, in case the bulb is replaced or the electronics serviced, output alteration of more significant magnitude, say, 8-10%, may take place.
- Make sure that two or more Plantar-Test units deliver thermal nociceptive stimuli of exactly the same intensity. Balance them, if necessary.
- iii) Know the infrared energy (1 mW for the duration of 1sec corresponds to 1 mJ) in absolute terms, a useful datum to compare with any equal or different method/instrument described in the literature.

The measuring only requires a few seconds. The I.R. probe is positioned on the Plantar Test after the suitable adaptor is fitted on the threaded head of its heat-sink. The reading on the digital display gives the I.R. power output in mW per square centimeter. The calibration, if necessary, of the I.R. radiation source, is carried out by adjusting the supply current of the I.R. bulb, see the instruction manuals of the Plantar Test.

The Heat-Flux Infrared Radiometer Complete Package includes:

Digital Heat-Flux Meter (complete with cable/connector & 9V battery) and I.R. Probe neatly lodged in a sturdy plastic case with punched foam lining.

Specifications

Dimensions, H x W x D 11 x 37 x 32 cm (4.3 x 14.6 x 12.6 in)

 Weight
 2.00 kg (4.4 lbs)

 Shipping Weight
 3.20 kg (7.1 lbs)

Catalog No. \$ Model Product BS4 72-6703 37300 Heat-Flux Infrared Radiometer, Standard Package Accessories

BS4 72-6728 37300-322 Adaptor for Plantar Test BS4 72-6729 37300-320 Probe Front Cover

Dynamic Plantar Anesthesiometer



- Models for Mice or Rats
- For the assessment of animal sensitivity to the light touch of the paw
- Computer compatibility, direct connection to a PC with optional software
- Read-out via multifunction graphic display
- Print-out by thermal printer

The Dynamic Plantar Anesthesiometer consists of a movable force-actuator below a network platform upon which the operator deposits the rodent. A Perspex enclosure renders the animal unrestrained for the duration of the experiment.

The operator places the actuator beneath the paw (proper placement ensured via an angled mirror) and the actuator confers a use-defined force on a Von Freytype filament. The filament exerts

an increasing force to the plantar surface, starting below the threshold of detection and increasing until the animal removes its paw. At the retraction reflex movement when the paw is withdrawn, the registers and displays the actual force at which paw withdrawal occurred.

The Dynamic Plantar Anesthesiometer is a new instrument for the assessment of "touch sensitivity" on the plantar surface of the rodents. Somesthetic (mechanical) stimulation has a long history of effective clinical use to diagnose pathologies of hyper- or hypo- anesthesia, brought about by drugs, neural pathology or experimental lesions, etc., in model systems and experimental systems using laboratory animals.

The instrument consists of:

- Movable touch-stimulator unit
- Framed metal mesh
- Two-compartment enclosure
- Microprocessor controlled electronic unit

The electronic unit is enclosed into a tiltable cylindrical case of original design, with graphic LCD display, serial port (RS-232) and a thermal printer. The unit also has an internal memory for data storage, scrolling screen review, and optional output to PC.

The rat, mouse or other small rodent moves about freely in one of the two compartments of the enclosure, positioned on the metal mesh surface. Following acclimation after cessation of exploratory behavior, the operator places the touch-stimulator unit under the animal's paw, using the adjustable angled-mirror to position the filament below the target area of the paw. A START key is provided at both sides of the handle of the touch-stimulator vessel, to help both left- and right-handed operators.

Pressing START invokes the following automatic sequence:

- a. An electro-dynamic actuator of proprietary design lifts a straight plastic filament
- b. The filament touches the plantar surface and begins to exert an upward force below the threshold of feeling
- c. The force increases (at your preset rate of application), until a stop signal is attained. The stop signal is either the animal removing the paw or the point at which greatest preset force is met

The actuator filament (0.5 mm diameter) produces force over the entire range of all typical anesthesiometer test devices. Paw withdrawal reflex is automatically recorded using two metrics: the latency until withdrawal, in seconds, and the force at which paw was withdrawn, in grams.

Data Acquisition

The Dynamic Plantar Anesthesiometer is microprocessor controlled and features direct PC output. Internally-stored data can be routed via a 9-pin D-type connector to the PC serial port (RS232). Data output requires Win-DAS Software to interface the Dynamic Plantar instrument and PC. This Windows® based Data Acquisition Software Package stores the data into individual files which make the date easily exportable to most statistical analysis packages available on the market.

Each Anesthsiometer is supplied complete with the following components:

Controlled Electronic Unit, Touch Stimulator, complete with Filament Actuator and Adjustable Angled-Mirror, Platform with Supporting Columns, Metal Mesh, Two-Compartment Animal Enclosure, Set of Two 0.5 mm Diameter Stainless-Steel Filaments and Two Calibration Weights (5 & 50 G), Animal-Enclosure Partition, to Divide Each Compartment in 4 Spaces (Standard), Mains Cord, Set of 2 fuses for either 230V or 115V operation, and Instruction Manual.

Specifications

Starting Via keys on the touch-stimulator vessel

Force Range 0 to 50.0 grams, in 0.5 g steps

Force Increasing Rate Adjustable in the interval 1 to 20 seconds, in 1 s steps

Filament Travel 12 mm

Latency Time Read-out on the graphic display, in 0.1s steps

Connection to PC Through DELTA 9-pin connector. See DATA ACQUISITION

Power Requirements 115 or 230 V, 50/60 Hz, 20 W maximum

Dimensions: Electronic Unit,

H x W x D 12 x 26 x 13 cm (4.73 x 10.2 x 5.1 in)

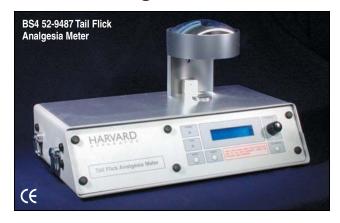
Assembled Platform 40 x 50 x 32 cm (15.75 x 19.7 x 12.6 in)

 Total Weight
 10.20 kg (22.5 lb)

 Shipping Weight
 18.50 kg (40.8 lb), approx.

| Catalog No. | \$ Model | Product |
|-------------|-------------|---|
| BS4 72-6704 | 37400/115V | Dynamic Plantar Aneasthesiometer |
| BS4 72-6705 | 37400/230V | Dynamic Plantar Aneasthesiometer |
| Accessories | | |
| BS4 72-6671 | 2010 | Win-DAS Software Package |
| BS4 72-6712 | 37400-321 | Set of Two 0.5 mm Diameter Stainless-Steel Filaments and Two Calibration Weights (5 & 50 G) |
| BS4 72-6727 | 37400-324 | Animal-Enclosure Partition, to Divide Each Compartment in 4 Spaces |

Tail Flick Analgesia Meter



For rapid screening of analgesic drugs using rats (as described by D'Amour and Smith)

This meter measures a rat's reaction time to radiant energy, from a 150 watt light source. The beam is focused on its tail using a parabolic reflector. The energy of the light source can be adjusted

and the display indicates, as a percentage, how much energy is being utilized.

An optical sensor is located underneath the focused light source. The rat should be positioned such that its tail obscures the focused light source from the sensor. When the system is started, either using the supplied footswitch or front panel mounted start key the light source illuminates and a timer starts counting in tenths of a second. When the rat's tail flicks, indicating its pain threshold, it uncovers the sensor. This tail movement turns off the timer and light source. Reaction time can be read directly from the display in seconds and tenths of a second.

A standard parallel port permits connection to a printer to record the trial number, energy level and reaction time. A calibration facility allows the light source to be set to the desired level before commencing with the experiment.

Specifications

 $\textbf{Lamp Intensity} \hspace{1.5cm} \textbf{150 W, adjustable between 0 and 100\% in 1\% increments} \\$

Timer Range 0 to 99 min 59.9 secs in 0.1 sec steps

Printer Interface Centronix parallel
Lamp Heat Control Digital DC regulated

Dimensions, H x W x D 260 x 450 x 260 mm (10 x 18 x 10 in)

Weight 9 kg (19.8 lbs)

Catalog No. \$ Product

BS4 52-9487 Tail Flick Analgesia Meter, 115 VAC, 60 Hz
BS4 52-9495 Tail Flick Analgesia Meter, 240 VAC, 50 Hz

Did you know

Harvard Apparatus has new nitric oxide sensors that have 100 times the sensitivity of any existing nitric oxide sensors. See the Cell Biology Section M of this catalog for complete details.

Hot Plate Analgesia Meter



- Digital Display of Plate Temperature
- Digital Timer with Remote Start Stop
- Accurate Temperature Control from 35°C to 65°C (±0.3°C)

The New Harvard UK Hot Plate Analgesia Meter is a sophisticated temperature control and timing system, and has been designed to perform rapid and precise screening of the narcotic type analgesic drugs (Morphine, Codeine, etc.) according to the Eddy and Leimback hot plate test.

This method evaluates the reaction time of mice when a heat stimulus is applied to the plantar surface. This reaction time increases when a central analgesic is administered to the animal.

Utilizing a simple user interface the user can quickly and easily set up the required hot plate temperature and a large easy to read LED display shows the current temperature.

The timer requires a single press of the Start / Stop Key to start and another press to stop, with reset automatically executed when timing is initiated. This function is also duplicated by a remote Start/Stop footswitch (supplied). The reaction time is again clearly displayed on a large LED display.

Using digital electronics, the hot plate temperature is constantly monitored and regulated to ensure the actual temperature and the desired temperature accurately match. The system also monitors the heating characteristics of the system and uses this data to minimize heating overshoot, providing faster temperature stabilization.

Specifications

Temperature Control Digital Proportional PWM

Timer Digital Readout in 0.1 sec increments

Timer Range 0 to 9 mins 59 secs 9 tenths of a sec

Remote Momentary make to Start/Stop

Remote Socket 6.35 mm 2 Pole Jack

Animal Container Two furnished, large round cylinders

Mains Supply Voltage 115 VAC / 230 VAC, 50/60 Hz (factory set)

Dimensions, H x W x D 128 x 275 x 293 mm (5 x 10.8 x 11.5 in)

Weight 4.5 kg (9.9 lb)

Catalog No. \$ Product

 BS4 52-8570
 Hot Plate Analgesia Meter 110 to 115 VAC, 60 Hz

 BS4 52-8588
 Hot Plate Analgesia Meter 220 to 230 VAC, 50 Hz