

General Description

The JC6215 series are a group of low-dropout (LDO) voltage regulators offering the benefits of wide input voltage range, low dropout voltage, low power consumption, and miniaturized packaging.

Quiescent current of only 1.5μA makes these devices ideal for powering the battery-powered, always-on systems that require very little idle-state power dissipation to a longer service life.

The JC6215 series of linear regulators are stable with the ceramic output capacitor over its wide input range from 2V to 24V and the entire range of output load current (0mA to 500mA).

Features

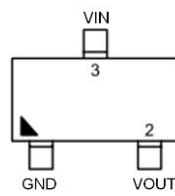
- 1.5μA Ground Current at no Load
- ±2% Output Accuracy
- 500mA Output Current
- 100nA Disable Current
- Wide Operating Input Voltage Range: 2V to 24V
- Dropout Voltage: 0.35V at 100mA / V_{OUT} 5V
- Support Fixed Output Voltage 1.8V,2.5V,2.8V,3.0V, 3.3V,3.6V,3.8V,4.0V,4.2V,5V
- Stable with Ceramic or Tantalum Capacitor
- Current Limit Protection
- Over-Temperature Protection
- SOT-23-3, SOT-23-5, SOT-89-3 Packages Available

Applications

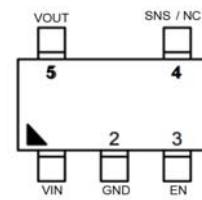
- Portable, Battery Powered Equipment
- Low Power Microcontrollers
- Laptop, Palmtops and PDAs
- Wireless Communication Equipment
- Audio/Video Equipment
- Car Navigation Systems
- Industrial Controls
- Weighting Scales
- Meters
- Home Automation

Pin Configurations

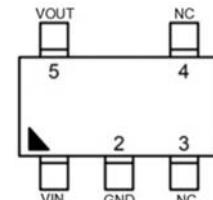
SOT-23-3



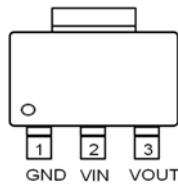
SOT-23-5L



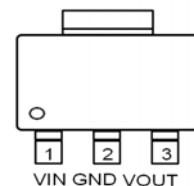
SOT-23-5(N-Type)



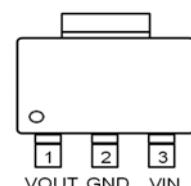
SOT-89-3 (R-Type)



SOT-89-3



SOT-89-3 (L-Type)



Ordering Information

JC6215-AABB

| Designator | Description | Symbol | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| AA | Output Voltage | 18 | V _{OUT} = 1.8V |
| | | .. | .. |
| | | .. | .. |
| | | 33 | V _{OUT} = 3.3V |
| | | 50 | V _{OUT} = 5.0V |
| BB | Package type | S3 | SOT-23-3 |
| | | S5 | SOT-23-5 |
| | | S5N | SOT-23-5 (N-Type) |
| | | A3 | SOT-89-3 |
| | | A3L | SOT-89-3 (L-Type) |
| | | A3R | SOT-89-3 (R-Type) |

Special Request: Any Voltage between 1.8V and 5V under specific business agreement

Description of Functional Pins

| Pin No | | | | | | Pin Name | Pin Function |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| SOT-23-3 | SOT-23-5 | SOT-23-5 (N-Type) | SOT-89-3 (R-Type) | SOT-89-3 (L-Type) | SOT89-3 | | |
| 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | GND | Ground |
| 2 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 3 | VOUT | Output of the Regulator |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | VIN | Input of Supply Voltage. |
| | 3 | | | | | EN | Enable Control Input. |
| | 4 | 3,4 | | | | NC | No internal connection. |

Typical Application Circuits

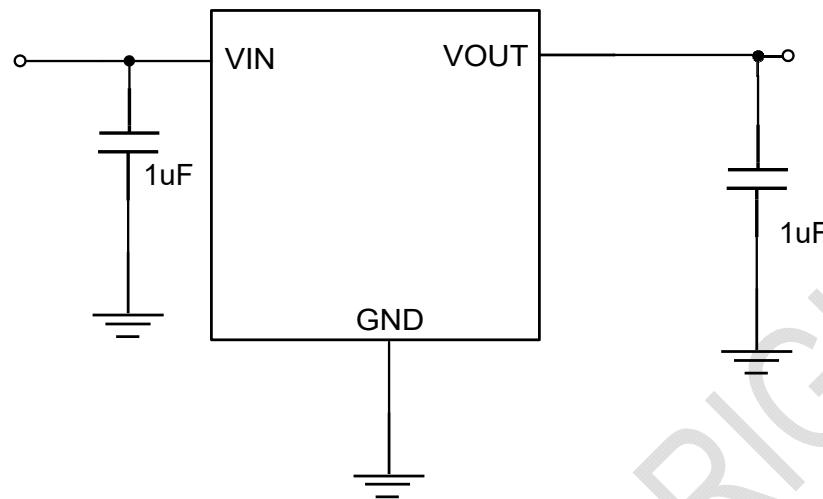
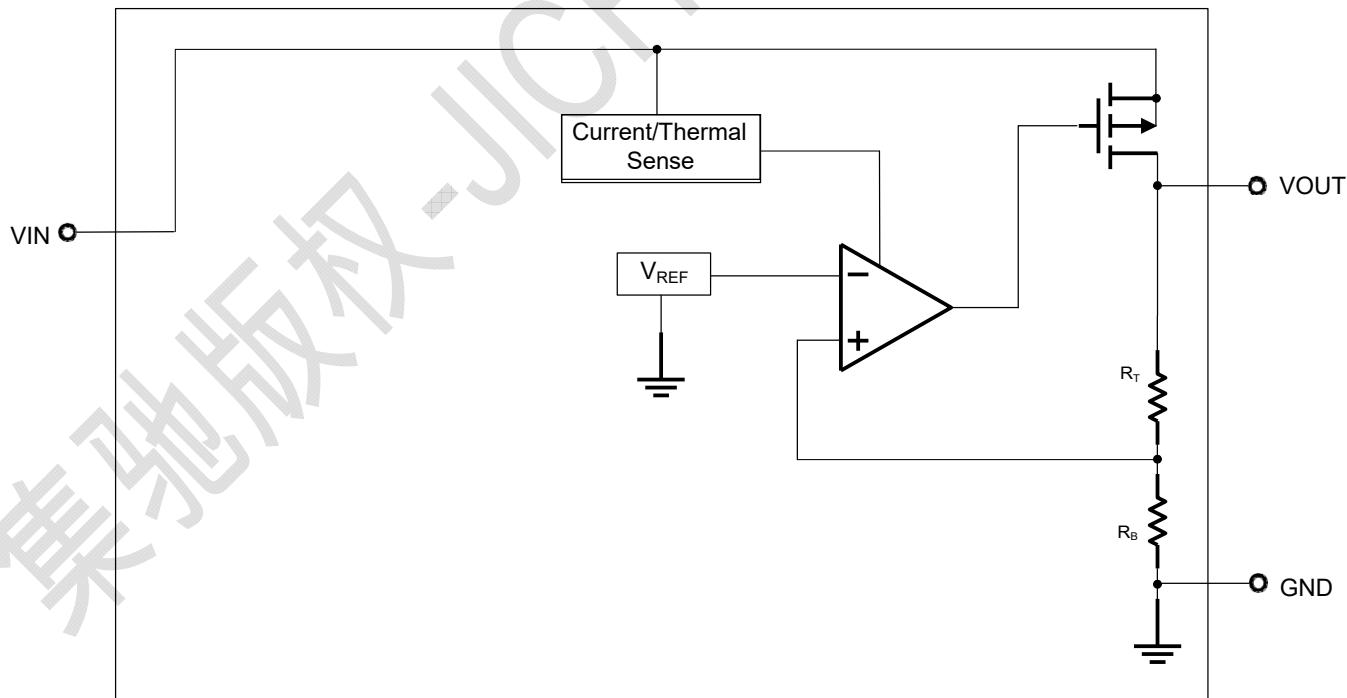


Figure 1: Application circuit of Fixed V_{OUT} LDO

Function Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

| | |
|---|------------------|
| VIN to GND ----- | -0.3V to 28V |
| VOUT to GND ----- | |
| JC6215-18, JC6215-33, JC6215-50 ----- | -0.3V to 6.0V |
| VOUT to VIN ----- | -28V to 0.3V |
| Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2) | |
| SOT-23-5, SOT-23-3, θ _{JA} ----- | 200 °C /W |
| SOT-89-3, θ _{JA} ----- | 120 °C /W |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) ----- | 260 °C |
| Junction Temperature ----- | 150 °C |
| Storage Temperature Range ----- | -40 °C to 150 °C |
| ESD Susceptibility | |
| HBM ----- | 2KV |
| MM ----- | 200V |

Recommended Operating Conditions

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Input Voltage VIN ----- | 2.0V to 24V |
| Junction Temperature Range ----- | -40 °C to 125°C |
| Ambient Temperature Range ----- | -40 °C to 85°C |

Electrical Characteristics

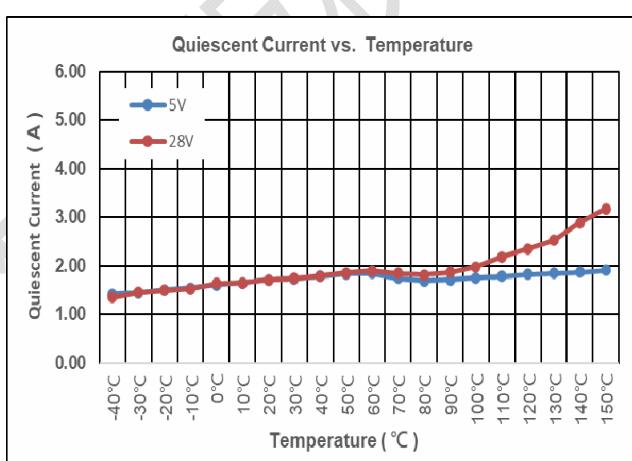
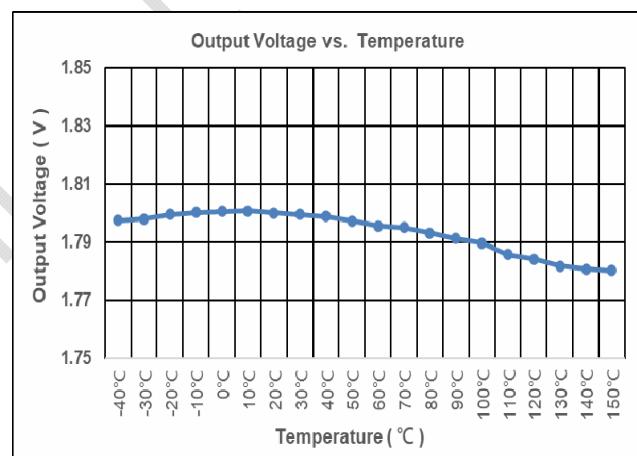
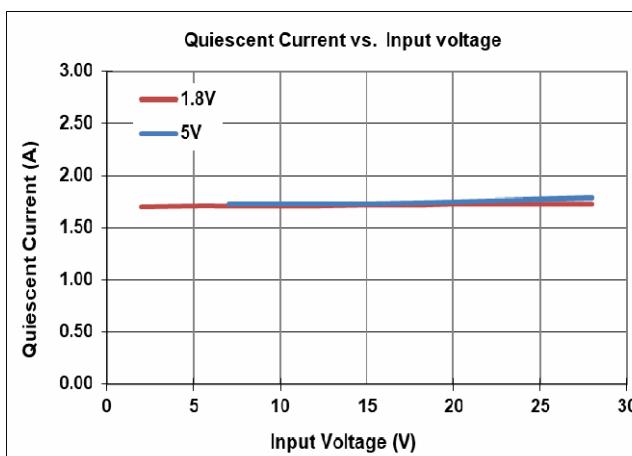
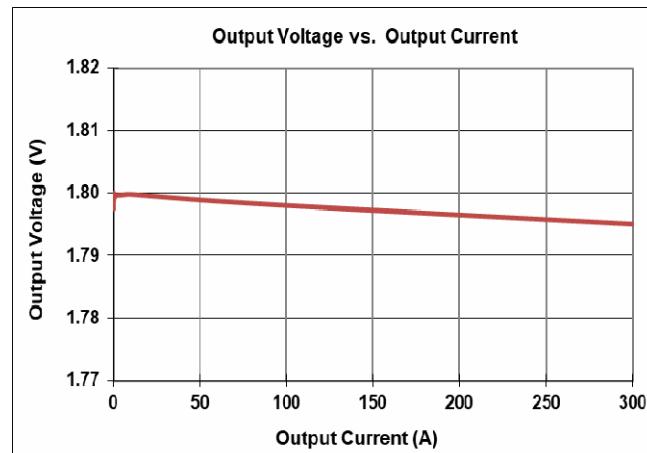
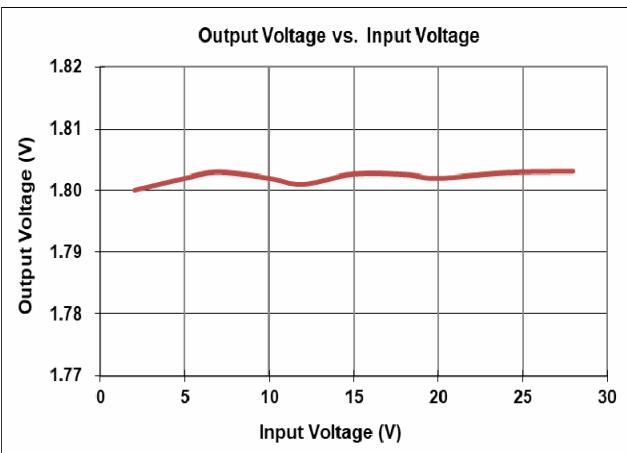
(V_{IN} = 15V, V_{EN} = 5V, T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|------------------------|---|-----|------|-----|------|
| Supply Voltage | V _{IN} | | 2 | -- | 24 | V |
| DC Output Voltage Accuracy | | I _{LOAD} = 0.1mA | -2 | | 2 | % |
| Dropout Voltage (I _{LOAD} = 100mA) | V _{DROP} | V _{OUT} ≥ 5V | -- | 0.35 | | V |
| | V _{DROP_3.3V} | V _{OUT} = 3.3V | | 0.42 | | |
| | V _{DROP_1.8V} | V _{OUT} = 1.8V | | 0.5 | | |
| Ground Current (I _{LOAD} = 0mA) | I _Q | | | 1.5 | | μA |
| Line Regulation | ΔLINE | I _{LOAD} = 1mA, 10V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 20V | -- | 0.5 | | % |
| Load Regulation | ΔLOAD | 10mA ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 0.2A | | 0.3 | | % |
| Output Current Limit | I _{LIM} | V _{OUT} = 0 | 501 | 700 | | mA |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR | V _{OUT} = 5V, I _{LOAD} = 1mA, V _{IN} = 12V, f = 100Hz | | 85 | | dB |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature | T _{SD} | I _{LOAD} = 10mA | -- | 160 | -- | °C |
| Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis | ΔT _{SD} | | | 15 | | °C |

Note 1. Stresses beyond those listed "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured at TA = 25°C on a DSTECH EVB board.

Typical Characteristics



Application Guideline

Input and Output Capacitor Requirements

The external input and output capacitors of JC6215 series must be properly selected for stability and performance. Use a 1μF or larger input capacitor and place it close to the IC's VIN and GND pins. Any output capacitor meeting the minimum 1mΩ ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) and effective capacitance between 1μF and 22μF requirement may be used. Place the output capacitor close to the IC's VOUT and GND pins. Increasing capacitance and decreasing ESR can improve the circuit's PSRR and line transient response.

Current Limit

The JC6215 series contain the current limiter of output power transistor, which monitors and controls the transistor, limiting the output current to 700mA (typical). The output can be shorted to ground indefinitely without damaging the part.

Dropout Voltage

The JC6215 series use a PMOS pass transistor to achieve low dropout. When (VIN – VOUT) is less than the dropout voltage (V_{DROP}), the PMOS pass device is in the linear region of operation and the input-to-output resistance is the $RDS_{(ON)}$ of the PMOS pass element. V_{DROP} scales approximately with the output current because the PMOS device behaves as a resistor in dropout condition.

Layout Consideration

By placing input and output capacitors on the same side of the PCB as the LDO, and placing them as close as is practical to the package can achieve the best performance. The ground connections for input and output capacitors must be back to the JC6215 ground pin using as wide and as short of a copper trace as is practical. Connections using long trace lengths, narrow trace widths, and/or connections through via must be avoided. These add parasitic inductances and resistance that results in worse performance especially during transient conditions.

As any linear regulator, PSRR and transient response are degraded as (VIN – VOUT) approaches dropout condition.

OTP (Over Temperature Protection)

The over temperature protection function of JC6215 series will turn off the P-MOSFET when the junction temperature exceeds 160°C (typ.). Once the junction temperature cools down by approximately 15°C, the regulator will automatically resume operation.

Thermal Application

For continuous operation, do not exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature. The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, PCB layout, rate of surrounding airflow, and difference between junction and ambient temperature. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated as below:

$$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}, \text{DSTECH PCB},$$

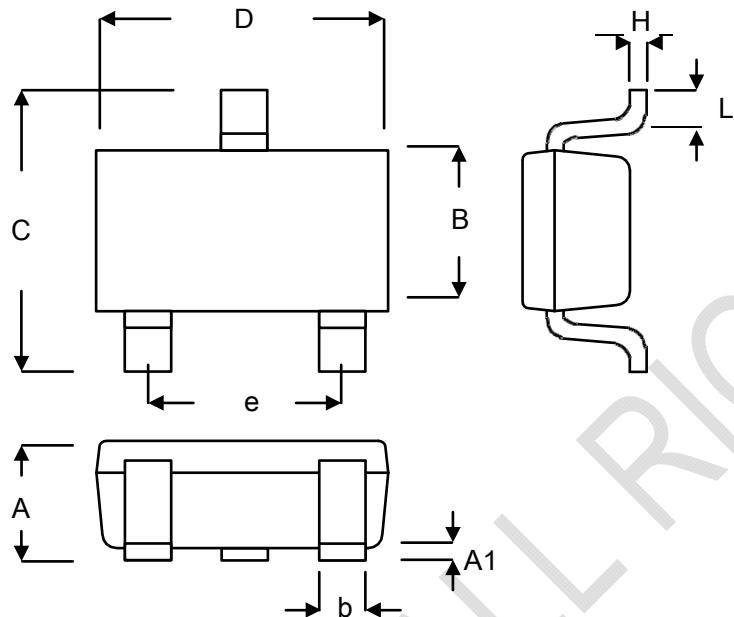
The max PD (Max) = $(125^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}) / (200^\circ\text{C/W}) = 0.5\text{W}$ for SOT-23-3 / SOT-23-5 packages.

The max PD (Max) = $(125^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}) / (120^\circ\text{C/W}) = 0.83\text{W}$ for SOT-89-3 package

Power dissipation (PD) is equal to the product of the output current and the voltage drop across the output pass element, as shown in the equation below:

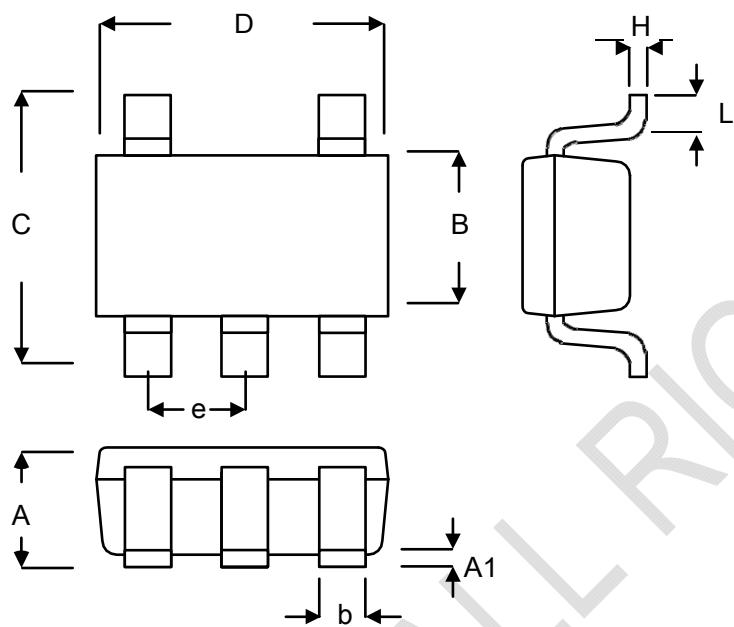
$$PD = (VIN - VOUT) \times IOUT$$

Package Information:



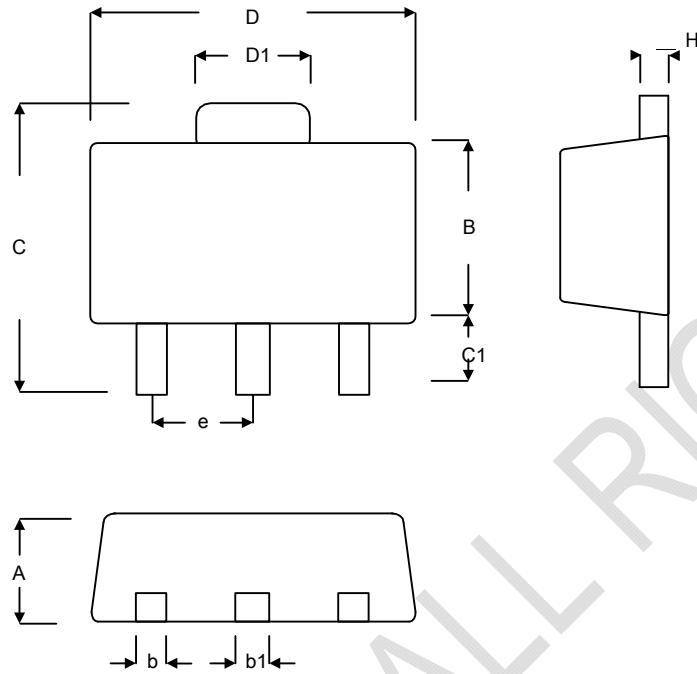
| Symbol | Millimeters | | Inches | |
|--------|-------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| A | 0.889 | 1.295 | 0.035 | 0.051 |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.152 | 0.000 | 0.006 |
| B | 1.397 | 1.803 | 0.055 | 0.071 |
| b | 0.250 | 0.560 | 0.010 | 0.022 |
| C | 2.591 | 2.997 | 0.102 | 0.118 |
| D | 2.692 | 3.099 | 0.106 | 0.122 |
| e | 1.803 | 2.007 | 0.071 | 0.079 |
| H | 0.080 | 0.254 | 0.003 | 0.010 |
| L | 0.300 | 0.610 | 0.012 | 0.024 |

SOT-23-3L



| Symbol | Millimeters | | Inches | |
|--------|-------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| A | 0.889 | 1.295 | 0.035 | 0.051 |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.152 | 0.000 | 0.006 |
| B | 1.397 | 1.803 | 0.055 | 0.071 |
| b | 0.250 | 0.560 | 0.010 | 0.022 |
| C | 2.591 | 2.997 | 0.102 | 0.118 |
| D | 2.692 | 3.099 | 0.106 | 0.122 |
| e | 0.838 | 1.041 | 0.033 | 0.041 |
| H | 0.080 | 0.254 | 0.003 | 0.010 |
| L | 0.300 | 0.610 | 0.012 | 0.024 |

SOT-23-5L



| Symbol | Millimeters | | Inches | |
|--------|-------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| A | 1.397 | 1.600 | 0.055 | 0.063 |
| b | 0.356 | 0.483 | 0.014 | 0.019 |
| B | 2.388 | 2.591 | 0.094 | 0.102 |
| b1 | 0.406 | 0.533 | 0.016 | 0.021 |
| C | 3.937 | 4.242 | 0.155 | 0.167 |
| C1 | 0.787 | 1.194 | 0.031 | 0.047 |
| D | 4.394 | 4.597 | 0.173 | 0.181 |
| D1 | 1.397 | 1.753 | 0.055 | 0.069 |
| e | 1.448 | 1.549 | 0.057 | 0.061 |
| H | 0.356 | 0.432 | 0.014 | 0.017 |

SOT-89-3L